municating knowledge. That gentle-

man, with so long continued service, and

Winslow.

Winslow, of Boston:

blown to pieces.

Cansas.

city May 24th.

hesitate to forge the names of persons to

notes, it is probable that he manufac-tured certificates to suit his wants. There

are missing certificates and stocks from

the back part of the certificate books,

ome fraudulent certificates, which he

will turn over to the trustees to be ap-

cointed to take charge of the Boston

This afternoon warrants were issued

WORCESTER, January 26 .- The Ga-

who was sentenced yesterday to the

"TO THE EDITOR OF THE GAZETTE-

D. Winslow's reported irregularities."

HOME TELEGRAMS.

Fort Scott, Kansas, January 26: Reli-

able information has been received here

io large quantities near Baxter Springs,

ett was also re-elected president.

lion six hundred thousand dollars.

MEMPHIS, TENN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1876.

VOL 36, NO 23

CLOSING RATES. Yesterday of cotton and gold: New York, cotton, 181; Memphis, 121. New Fork, gold obssed at 1124; Memphis, 112.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES. WASHINGTON, January 27, 1 s.m.

For Tennessee and Ohio valley genercity cloudy weather and light rains during the day, with southerly to westerly winds, slight changes in temperature and falling followed by rising barome-

MAYTI is preparing for another revolution. Let her rip.

HIPPOLYTE DUSAND, a French statesman, died in Paris yesterday.

Iowa has resolved to restore the death pensity. She finds the gallows the only thing for murderers.

THE Carlists are s.ill battling ursuccessfully with the Alfonsists, who are equally unsuccessful.

GENTLESIEN of the general council give us an able health board, like the preseva, whatever you do.

broken out in revolution again, and times are lively in the northern Mexic in States. THE people of Memphis want the levee put in order and saved from further

washing by the river; they also want the streets put in order, and the back taxes collected. THE Matrid Cronista believes now

ing religious toleration. A move in the THE Herzegovinians do not like the protocol of Austria, and hence announce

their determination to continue the war for liberty. The Turks, we hope, will have to go under.

THE Arkaneas Stategrange, composed

Arkaness grange is a live and progressive body. THE Georgia State Democratic execu

tive committee have called a convention of the congressional districts for the

REPRESENTATIVE WADDELL'S bill to peals to a sentiment of justice, and has in openly, on the recommendation of the unanimous indorsement of the the postoffice department.

COLONEL GAUSE, representing the first Arkansas district, has introduced a bill into the house appropriating one million dollars for the completion of the neglectbefore the Fourth of July. It can't be

THE Landon Times, reviewing the political prospect in France, says we open under a cabinet realizing the promise of Lille, and summoning around it

that the Louisiana question will be disposed of this week, as it is the desire of both sides to get it out of the way.

board of mayor and aldermen of that city has started out well in the way of retreachment and reform. The abolition of all saleries for mayor and aldermen, and the reduction of all other salsthousand dollars per annum.

ment questions, and without the loss of farther time, get to the consideration of ways and means to put the levee and much more vital importance to the city than the peddling of official patronage.

ED H. LUSHINGTON, in a letter to the London Times, which reached us by each time that it has been ruptured the " a dragging author under ordinary cir-

house were present at the Republican congressional canens on Saturday night, and that the faces of Mesers, Chittenden, whether he held the committee of ap-Blies, Willis, Banks, Williams and others, were conspicuous by their absence. Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, whose loyalty So also was Mr. Kasson. Evidently

especially in a medical college in Mem-phir. It is desirable that an interlocu-tents; passed. Mr. Hartzell, from the professors had been there forty-seven professors had been there forty-seven tory meeting of our leading physicians same committee, reported a bill to should be held-some day next week, at smend section four thousand eight hunwhich Dr. Shelton may be present. | died and ninety-eight of the revised | very highest scientific authority, and to I forty thousand dollars.

CONGRESS.

A Lively Day in the House-Debate Over the Bill Regulating Postage on Third-Class Matter-Bill

Passed Without Division.

Passage at Arms Between Garfield and Randall-The Latter Touches Mr. Blaine's Chief-of-Staff on the Raw, and Compels a Confession.

Debate in Committee of the Whole on the Military Academy Appropriation-Spirited Speech of Hurlbut-The Pacific Road

in the Senate.

HOUSE. Washington, January 26 -- Mr. Clark [Mo.], from the postoffice committee, called up the till regulating postage on third-class mail matter. It THE Mexicans on the border Lave provides that all mailable matter of the third class referred to in sections 3878 and 8911, of revised statutes, may weigh not exceeding four pounds for each package, and that the postage thereon shall be one cent for every two ounces or fraction thereof. Mr. Clark explained that this bill proposed to repeal the law which was passed in the last hours of the last session, in the form of an amendment inserted of sourcely in the aundry civil appropriation bill, with the evident intention of misleading the est commanders of the present day. The bouse; that the law increased the postage on third class mail matter from one that the Epanish cortes will approve of cent per two ounces to one cent per the clause in the constitution establish. ounce, and from eight cents to sixteen | ing of was the railroad subsidies and the per pound. This bill proposes to reinstate the postage on third-class mail and frauds should be broken up; that matter as it was before to one cent per | the Indian ring, if it had any existence, two onnees.

further explanation and advocacy of the Mr. Garfield gave a history of the leg-islation of the lest ression, which it was now proposed to repeal. It had originated in the poetoffice department, in the shape of a letter to the chairman of THE Democratic caucus of the Ohio | the senate postoffice committee, suggest- any rate, not needed to-day. On these legislature have agreed to establish a log that the rate of postage on merchan-Democratic daily in Columbus that disc be doubled. The sundry civil appropriation bill came from the senate to must be thoroughly Democratic. A the house at noon on the morning of the good move. We hope it will be success-fut. last day of the session, with over a hun-dred amendments, among which was an amendment supposed to be in pursu-paid too much. ance of the postmaster-general's recom-THE Arkansas Stategrange, composed of the most substantial citizens of the most substantial citizens of the State, is in assion in Little Rock, where on appropriations, of which he was the strictures of Mr. Hale, and asserted that they have been warmly welcomed. The chairman. No member of the commit- the figures and facts showed that od that the language of the it was ascertained that the language of the amendment covered not only mertwenty-sixth of April, to select dele- whole of the third class instead of the mittee believed that that reduction gates to the National Democratic cor- | merchandise portion of it. He deeply | could be made without impairing the regretted it, for it was sgainst all his notions of proper postal legislation to double the rate on printed matter. He had been the; and still was in favor of reduce the postage on letters and manu- the legislation then had in reference to script sent to newspapers to the rates | merchandire. It was wrong to say, now charged on book manuscript, ap. I however, that it had been put in or intended to be put

Mr. Randall-Why was not that communication sent to the committee on appropriations of this house? Garfield-Because the bill was then in the senate. Mr. Randall-Why did the postmas-

session to put such matter on the councome to the conclusion about it? Mr. Garfield-I cannot answer for the postmaster-general's reasons. I am not toward economy was now open, and teeper of his discretion, nor in his that it was in the discretion of the house

Mr. Garfield then went on to argue may be certain that the next session of against the propriety of carrying mer-the senate and legislative assembly will chandles in mails, and said that if any one would show him any logical place more than he (Garfield) could. The

> country.
>
> Mr. Clark—Is not merchandise carried in the mails of every other country? stitution, whose record was clear to Mr. Garfield-Perhaps, I am not informed. The postoffice was established | tiemen from the south on the other side to transmit intelligence, and anything of the house had attested the advanta-

else is a departure from the original Mr. Lawrence advocated the bill, and said that the legislation of the last session, increasing postage on third class matter was undoubtedly at the instance of the express companies, and to the great detriment of the public interests. ris, saves to the corporation over five He favored this bill because the mails reached every village in the land, and express companies did not, and if the people of those remote places were cut WE hope the general council will to- off from the privilege of receiving packnight finish up the salary and appoint- ages of seeds and books and merchandise by mail they could not receive them at all. He also favored it because these merchandice packages could be carried without loss to the postoffice departstreets in order and force the collection ment. Merchandise could be carried of back taxes. These are matters of around the globe at eight cents a pound pound for them, because express compa-nies would carry them cheaper. That

field) argument. Mr. Randall also supported the bill, telegraph last night, agrees with that those who had any connection with the men of the committee that there was no paper that the United States direct cable | legislation of last year, now to be remaster-general had suggested the repeal rupturs has been accomplished by inter- of a law which he had clearly been ested stock-jobbers and in-water, to use | found guilty of having inaugurated. It his words, "of a depth exceeding that of | was remarkable that all the blunders | were sure to be for the benefit of monopolies and against the interests of the THE New York Tribune calls attention people. The results of last session have to the fact that none of the Libera's in the Been to inconvenience the people and were record and grounded in the faith to augment the receipts of express companies a quarter million of dollars.

Mr. Garfield asked Mr. Bandall attempt to cripple or diminish either propriations of the last house responsible men or party who undertook it. Coming for doing a guilty or infamous thing in down to the details of the bill, he spoke contection with this legislation? Mr. Randall replied that he held that were guil y of an omission of scrutiny

statutes in relation to the assignment of have the most singular faculty for com-

patents; passed. The house then went into committee of the whole, Mr. Hoskins in the chair, on the military academy appropriation the diligence in well-doing, was entitled to forty-five hundred dollars a year, bill, which appropriates two hundred which the committee on appropriations and thirty-one thousand two hundred now proposed to cut down. That comand forty-one dollars, and was addressed by Mr. Hale [Me.] He reminded the terests of the United States committed chairman of the committee on appro-priations [Randall] that in the economi-pected to know the direct things it was cal career which he proposed to run he was not treading on new ground. The committee on appropriations of the last house, under the chairmanship of his friend from Ohio (Garfield), had been induced to leave active service in the all over that ground, and had at the last army, in which he was sure of promosession reduced the ordinary expenses of the government to the amount of over greater but more quiet task of educating twenty-four million dellars. This had been a great work. The gentleman its faith to him, and it was bad faith, from Pennsylvania could continue this unsound economy, and equally unsound work, but could not originate it. He gave the figures to show the reductions for the last two years, which amounted to over thirty-one million dollars, and be remarked that the committee on appropriations of the last congress might be well proud of its work, and particu-Democratic party had been placed at the head gates. He warned his friend from he wanted to help him in going over that ground; but still he wanted him (Randall) to bear in mind the French proverb that "the man who goes for placked geese comes back empty-handed." Passing on to the discussion of the bill under consideration, he strenuously opposed any reduction in the pay of the professors or cadets, and he said he would strike no blow, directly or indirectly at that great military school which had furnished some of the greatsalaries of West Point's professors or cadets. What they had been complain-Mr. Cannon addressed the house in whisky ring should be broken up. Congress could not legislate too closely on those subjects. It could not sustain and uphold the administration too strongly in its effort to break up these rings. Congress might also curtail the extravagance in public buildings-enormous structures which were not needed, or, at subjects both sides of the house could jain hands and retrench and save money, but in the matter of salaries fixed by the

government, he asked if anybody be-Mr. Hamilton [N. J.] a member of amendment included anything elethan The estimates sent in for the military merchandise. After the bill had passed academy amount to four million three hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, but the committee on appropriachandise, but also transient newspapers tions had cut them down to two hunand pamphlets, in that all were sur- dred and forty-three thousand six hun-The amendment covered the dred and forly-one dollars, and the comutility of the establishment to any great extent. It was a mere lopping off of extravagance. He asserted that the present compensation of the superintendent of the academy was better than that of any government officer except the President, receiving as he did, one way or another-by direct pay, by allowance for torage, allowance for quarters, rations, and one thing and anotherabout seven thousand dollars a year He referred to the salaries of the other officials, and said the salaries could be reduced as proposed and still leave adequate compensation. This bill, he said, proposed that army officers stationed at West Point should have the same pay and allowance as they had in the army. ter-general wait till the last hour of the ed sheft of the Washington monument try, when he had an entire session to but such matter on the country and allowanted that the objections urged try, when he had an entire session to against the bill were not well founded, and reminded the house that the road

to say how far it should be pursued.

Mr. Huribut opposed the economical features of the bill, and suggested in re-

ply to Mr. Hamilton [N. J.], that all the

time when his (Hamilton's) brother was to stop at in that business until a rail-road car was loaded with goods, and had eight dollars a month, members of conits sides posted with stamps, he could do | gress only received eight dollars a day, and that it might be economical for postoffice department in entering on Mr. Hamilton to remit to the treasury last revealed the fact that Pinchback that thirty-three votes, Eestis thirty-four, and five doubtful. It is believed the fact that Pinchback that thirty-three votes, Eestis thirty-four, and five doubtful. It is believed the fact that Pinchback that business of merchandise transport the surplus pay which he now received. [Laughter.] In his judgement this bill struck deliberately, wilfully and ignorantly and the fact that Pinchback that business of merchandise transport the surplus pay which he now received. [Laughter.] In his judgement this bill struck deliberately, wilfully and ignorantly all three of them. [Laughter.] At the well-being of a great national in every man in the house. Even the genges of the great training and high teachng that institution gave to Lee and Longstreet and Stonewall Jackson, so that no sectional question could be made out of this national academy. The mestion directly was whether this acad emy should be maintained on that pure, iberal and benign footing which its importance demanded, and which the dignity of the nation required. He had been astonished at some of the which he should like to demonstrate could be the result of nothing but a bastard and blundering economy. ventured to say that the members of the committee on appropriations did not know how many clerks there were in the institution to be provided for. They or less. No merchant in New York | ward, left-handed, cowardly blow at would send hundred-pound packages men whom the nation had sent there to through the mails and pay eight cents a | be educated, not for their own benefit, but for that of the nation, and also at other men, who by law were entitled to was an answer to his colleague's (Gar- the advantages of their longevity; pay which the gentlemen on the committe on appropriations did not seem to know and expressed his gratification that the meaning of. He warned the gentlesingle institution of this country which pealed, disavowed it. Even the post- they had better be more careful in interfering with than the WestPoint military academy. There had been a time when it might have been popular to interfere with it, but that time was past. There which were committed in the baste of had been a time when it was considered legislation at the end of the session, popular to attack the army, and he supposed that would be the next step, but that time was, he could tell the gentleand belief of the American people, in their efficiency and usefulness, and any

dilapidated rookery, entirely unfit for its the conference committee and committee on appropriations of the last house mittee on appropriations had thrown mittee on appropriations had thrown out the estimate for the erection of a Blaine did not make anything with the congressional Liberals by his amnesty committee on appropriations of the Mr. Hamilton [N. J] replied that the congressional Liberals by his amnesty committee on appropriations of the present house would not be gulity of estimate had been referred to the committee on public buildings and grounds. THE trustees of the Southwestern BapMr. Garfield suggested for Mr. RanMr. Htribut—That committee has
dall's consideration the scriptural adnothing to do with it, and when the tist university, at Jackson, Tennessee, vice, "Let not him who putteth on his have established a law department, and it law department, and when the committee on appropriation struck it law, and when the committee on appropriation struck it law, and drive those who are striving to out, it was an act of moral cowardice, ride into office on prejudice into the is their purpose to as abilish a medical department. Memphis, in our opinion, is the proper place for this school. The did not propose to act in the interest of the proper place for the school. The did not propose to act in the interest of the compilete on appropriation to dock West president, Dr. Wm. Shelton, hal some correspondence with medical gantiemen in this city and neighboring towns of Tennessee and Mississippi, in reference

Bills introduced: Mr. Douglass from, position, and having filled it noncrably, the control of the propose to act in the interest of mittee on appropriation to document the control of Tenuessee and Mississippi, in reference Bills introduced: Mr. Douglass from, to the sut ject. Dr. Shellon will preach the committee on patents, reported a bill was entitled to remain there undisturbed next Sunday (30th), in the Central to amend section one hundred and and unbarrassed, and to have his rank Baptist church, and will remain for ninety, of the revised statutes, in regard or pay increased according to the time of his service. That was the principle terest may be felt in the university, and department of the government prosecutive which had prevailed in the army as re-

would damn to perpetual oblivion the

of the hospital at West Point as an old

ANOTHER CASE OF LYNCH- ine. Mr. Winslow controlled the stock board to suit himself, and as he did not

mittee, which had the whole of the in-Sr. Paul, January 28.—Last Saturday, in Plainview, in this State, a young man named Frank Hathaway shot and killed Nettie Clayton because, as is supacting upon. [Laughter ] He (Huribut) bre st. tion, and to settle down for life in the the youth of the nation, it had pledged its faith to him, and it was bad faith, policy to attempt to violate that contract. He was glad that the proposition to do so came from where it had come.

God forbid that any man who had borne arms on either aide should disgrace him-self by upsetting the calculations of a lifetime, and disturbing the honorable larly in boiling the government rigidly spending only what had been appropriated. He did not wish it to be assumed that no check had been thrown over the wasteful expenditures until the large transfer of the government. He spoke of this now because "coming events cast their shadows before." This little, it considered, ignorant attack on West dream which these gentlemer had a ill considered, ignorant attack on West Point was only a mere skirmisher of the Pennsylvania (Randa'l) not to waste his time and efforts on a field which had been already cropped. There was still ground which was worth going over, and to was only a mere strimisher of the main point to be directed against that great institution, of which West Point was the nursery, and of which the nation was proud. The people did not want to see the honor of the nation and the school of soldiers and the dignity of professor struck at, as they were in this bill.

Without action on the bill, the committee rose, and the house adjourned. SENATE.

In the senate, yesterday, Senator West presented a memorial signed by several hundred citizens of Louisiana, in reference to the credentials of Mr. Eustis, claiming his seat in that body. The memorial was referred, as requested, to the committee on credentials. In response to the senate resolution of the twentieth instant, the secretary of the treasury presented a communication relative to the collection of money due the United States by the Pacific railroad. House bill transferring the custody of certain Indian trust funds from the secretary of the interior to the treasurer of the United States passed. House bill to amend the revised naturalization statutes was favorably reported on. The jaint resolution providing appropriations to meet the government obligations falling due February 1st will be called up to-day. The house joint resolution, directing the commissioners of the District of Columbia to pay interest on the 3-65 bonds under the act of June 20, 1874, will be reported with amendment. The resolution of Senator West calling on the secretary of the treasury to submit copies of any proposition received from the Pacific railroad company for the redemption of government mortpre-emption and homestead entries of within the limits of railhave been made under the regulations of the land department. Mr. Howe submitted an amendment providing that nothing in the act shall affect the title in constructing railroads in that State by act of June 3, 1856, and acts amendatory thereof. On motion of Mr. Howe

soon after adjourned. HOW IS THIS?

Everist, the Principal Witness Against Babcock, Allowed to Return to Italy.

New Orleans Times.] Washington, January 24.—Some comment is caused here by a statement duced to return to this country from this, he declared that the parole should

the Hell-Hounds.

New York Tribune. Washington, January 23.-Jere Haralson, the colored member of congress from Alabama, who voted for the smnesty bill, and was applauded by the Democrats, has written a curious letter to one of his friends in defense of his political course. The letter is addressed to Cashin, a colored man, and Coon, to whom reference is made, is a "carpetbagger" of the Spencer stripe. The fol-

House of Representatives, } Washington, January 19, 1876. DEAR CASHIN-Yours of the fifteenth instant to hand, and contents noted. I expected before I voted to hear a howl from those hell-bounds below; but say to them all that, God being my help, I shall meet them at Phillippi. My ex-planation for voting for general amnesty s: First-Because it is right above all. cond-Because I was elected on that principle; our platform adopted at the Republican convention at Montgomery, 1874, says "that the Republicans of Alabams demand the equal civil and political rights of all men before the law." Third-Because I am a Grant man, and Grant recommended general amnesty. Fourth-Because the colored man in the south wants peace and good will to all, and hatred to none, and asks for others what he desires for himself-an equal chance in the race of life. We, as a race, cannot afford to aid in any manner in keeping upstrife for the benefit of officehunters. Allow me to ask your attention to a few questions, which I hope you will put to Coon, Rapier, Curtis, and others: First-Is it better for us colored men to forget and forgive, and have the good will of the world, or is it better for us to stir up the cruelties of the past, and ourselves suffer in order that Coon & Co. may profit thereby Do I represent the true principles of Republicanism and our party when strive to put the seal of peace and good will upon animosity? Is it not better for us in general, especially in the south, that there be good feeling between both white and black? Is it not better that the leading colored men take this thing in hand and build up our race, build up our party up on the true prinride into office on prejudice into the blackest political hell? Is it not the truth that such men as Rapier, Coon and others are the sole cause of our party being defeated in Alabama to-day? Don't you think that there are thousands of white men in Alabama who would gladly join the ranks of the Republican party and help to build up the party upon

for peace between the two races south. \* \* Truly yours, JERE HARALSON.

Frank Hathaway Kills Nettle Clayton, Tries to Commit Suicide, but Dies at Last by Lynch Law.

posed, of unrequited love, and then with the same pistol attempted to kill him-self but failed to accomplish his purpose, and only made an ugly wound in his He was taken to a hotel and placed under guard. On Tuesday night, 25th instant, about midnight, fifty mask-ed men drove up to the hotel and proceeded at once to Hathaway's room, rushed by the keepers, put out the lights, took the young man from his room and hung him to a tree in the back yard and quietly drove away. All was done very nietly, and within the space of five minutes. There is as yet no clue to the perpetrators of the lynching. They apparently came, to it is said, from some distance. This is the second case of the kind in this State.

AFERS AND AVERY.

The Escaped Prisoners from the Knoxville Jail-A Brace of Nice Jail Birds.

Avery, the Mest Accomplished Scoundrel of the Two, Arrested in Monroe County.

Knoxville Press and Herald, January 23.1 About half-past one o'clock yesterday norning, a daring attempt was made to break jail in this city, which resulted, as briefly stated in Saturday's paper, in the escape of the notorious Joe Avery, who is charged with complicity in the Reynolds murder, and Henry Ayers, who swindled the government out of twentythree thousand dollars in fraudulent claims. A little before half-past one, Tom Ferriter, the watchman, had gone inside to replenish the fire, and while doing so heard dogs violently barking, and just as he turned the corner of the jail saw a man struggling through the window, when just as he touched the ground, he was seized by Mr. Ferriter, who at once gave the alarm, and held to the prisoner until Sheriff Swan and the ailers arrived, when it was found that the bird who had so narrowly missed regaining his liberty was Pryor Coleman, who, it will be remembered, shot and killed Miss Bell, in this county, during the war, and for which offense he was awaiting trial. The prisoners, five in number, Joe Ayers, Henry Avery, Pryor Coleman, Henry Ditmore, a coun terfeiter from North Carolina, and Carter Price, charged with lewdness, occupied the cell in which John Webb was confined, in the southeast corner of the clusive. jail, on the ground floor. It is secured by a massive door, with three fastenings, opening into the hall, while the ings, opening into the hall, while the only window, which faced the river, was deemed impregnable with its heavy nearing to-day in the United States cirdeemed impregnable with its heavy graung. lower window, and pried up the ends of the former, which were imbedded in the masoury, with an iron rod, which they had in the cell for the purpose of cleanshauk of one of Avery's boots and an old watch-spring, Coleman says, and further that the work was done in day-

Williamson county, began to-day. A large number of witnesses are here. probably resign to-day.

damaging the buildings to a great extent and unroofing the courthouse. There has also been a severe wind and snow storm in eastern Nevada, blocking the roads and railways. senate to-day the special committee on Centennial matters reported. A joint

Philadelphia for the use of the State. Louisville, Kentucky, January 26 yesterday concerning the financial depression at Paris, Kentucky, is partly incorrect, and people at a distance can be assured that Paris and Bourbon are financially as sound as any part of the Ayers and Avery separated, the former

> flowers. court, the counsel for the government and for General Babcock, that neither required to present themselves next Monday, at which day the case is set will last all this week, and Mr. Vorthe trial of Maguire, the ex-collector, would last as long as M'Kee's. Babcock follows Maguire. The instructions of the court were that the defendant and witnesses should simply be instructed to hold themselves in readiness to come as scon as telegraphed for.

Bold Attempt to Rob a Bank. SPRINGFIELD, MASS., January 26 .-At Northampton, last night, seven disguised men broke into the house of John Whittlesay, cashier of the Northampton national bank, secured Mr. Whittlesay and family, obtained the keys of the bank, and leaving one of their number as a guard, six proceeded to the bank and attempted to break into the vault, but the door and lock were too strong, and they left without accomplishing their purpose. Cashier Whittlesay was robbed of his gald watch and what money he had at nome. There is evidence that the gang had been planning the robbery for some time, making their headquarters in the attie of one of the

Removals and Resignation—The 3-55 Bonds. WASHINGTON, January 26 - Dr. M. C. Hoffey, reading clark, and J. W. Dayton, assistant journal clerk, having been removed by the clerk of the house of representatives, John W. Barelay, for twenty seven years journal clerk, has resigned, preferring that course to re-

The amendment recommended by the senate committee on appropriations, to be made in a joint resolution, directing the commissioners of the District of Columbia to pay interest on the 3 65 bonds, is to strike out the proviso which prohibits the further is ue of 3-65 bonds, and says that nothing in this joint resolution shall involve the government of the United States in any obligation to pay the principal or interest of any such bonds which have been issued contrary to or not in pursuance of law.

CINCINNATI, January 26 .- A. special names of both on it has been brought to to the Commercial from Charlestown, West Virginia, says that the bodies of be on one hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of paper, and that of Dan-lynched last night, were taken down by iel Chamberlain on one hundred and the prosecuting attorney to day, and an inquest was held. A verdict was return-At the instance of N. G. Greene, one of the former proprietors of the Post, a writ of attachment was served this Dawson manifested no fear; Estep was

General Chalmers Scated-The Office of Lientenant-Governor to be Abolished-Important Decision.

and it is said that one hundred and sev-enty-five shares of false stock are known to be in existence. Mr. Porter has found ator from the twenty-eighth (Bolivar) by the municipal court for the arrest of lent election at two precincts sustained, but upon the charges reflecting upon the zette will publish the following state-ment of T. W. Pond, manufacturer, was no sustaining evidence whatever. A resolution to submit to the people State's prison for heavy forgeries. He was a personal friend of the absconding an amendment to the constitution abolishing the office of lieutenant-governor was introduced, and will pass. The

house debated and referred the bill re-Having seen in the papers suggestions pealing the law losning the Chickasaw of the collusion between myself and E. D. Winelow, I wish to state briefly that school fund and other school moneys to the Vicksburg and Nashville railroad. neither E. D. Winslow nor any other This matter has been before the courts a person had any knowledge or interest in my irregularities. Neither did I have any knowledge of or interest in Mr. E. long time. Monday the supreme court decided that the loan was legal and constitutional, and that the road was entitled to the money. A bill making edupaying the expenses in criminal cases,

North Adams, Mass., January 26: By nstead of counties, was lost. the explosion of nitro-glicerine at Maubray's factory, two workmen were San Francisco, January 26: Prepara-tions have been made to conduct the obsequies of B P. Avery, late minister to China, in an imposing manner this af-

that lead and zinc have been discovered Little Boy Thrown into a Cincinnati Sewer-His Rescue-Mob

Mike Higgins, a man thirty-three years old, employed by the gas company, was a prisoner last night at Bre-men-street station, on the charge of assault with intent to kill. About noon yesterday he was passing the schoolhouse on the corner of Main and Frank-Harvard college, was badly damaged by fire to-day. The Pi Eta society, which occupied the upper part, lost much of its valuable property and records.

House of the corner of math and Frank-lin strests, when several boys busy at play ran before him and somewhat impeded his progress. It seems that Higgins became insanely angry at this, and seizing one of the lads, named F. Stein feld, twelve years old, he deliberately threw him into the catch-basin of the Main street sewer, which opens into the

street at that place. Mr. William Ruhl, who was passing, saw the brutal deed, and, without a moment's hesitation, jumped in at the risk of his own life and rescued the boy, although in doing so he was almost drowned himself. The boy was taken to his home at 111 Pleasant street, and Higgins was locked up in the stationhouse. Well for him was it that case of the government against the the officers put him in behind the bars Central Pacific railroad, to recover five | so soon, for the excitement among the

Cairo, Illinois, January 26: The trial | if Judge Lynch might assert his authoriof James K. Lane for man-laughter was ty and attend to Mr. Higgins's case without ado. concluded to-day, and resulted in ac-quittal. The trial of the two Crains, of

San Francisco, January 27: The Victoris Dispatch says that the government of British Columbia was defeated yesterday by a majority of three on the question of borrowing money from Canada on security of subsidies, and will

San Francisco, January 26: A heavy snow storm is reported at Shasta, Topeka, Ks., January 26: In the

committee of the two houses had agreed on a bill appropriating twenty-five thou-sand dollars to erect the building at The statement in the telegram published

San Francisco, January 26: The funeral of B. H. Avery, late minister to China, took place this evening, from the Unitarian church. Dr. Stebbins, pastor, delivered a culary on the de ceased, and a memorial poem was read. The casket and altar were dressed with

ST. LOUIS, January 26.—Upon the resumption of the trial of M'Kee this morning it was agreed between the Babcock nor the witnesses in Washing-ton summoned for this case should be for trial on the docket. The M'Kee trial bees said there was a probability that

The Lynched of Charlestown, W. va. STATE NATIONAL BANK

Special to the Appeal, Jackson, January 26.—In the senate, after two days debate on the Chalmers-Sullivan contested election case, General James R. Chalmers was seated as sensdistrict, by a vote of twenty-two to nine. The committee reported the charges of unnaturalization and illegal and frauduhonor and integrity of Mr. Sullivan there

cation compulsory was lost. A bill to return to the old system of the State The supreme court has decided that the city of Vicksburg is liable for its bonded debt, amounting to about onesixth of the real estate valuation. The

debt was contracted under Radical administration, and the city sought to avoid paying it, claiming that it was

FIENDISH URIME.

Indignation.

Topeka, Ks., January 26: The Democratic central committee have called a State convention to elect delegates to he National convention to meet in this incinnati Enquirer, 25th.] Cincinnati, January 26: At a meet

ng of the stockholders of the Little Miami railroad yesterday the old board of directors was re-elected. H. J. Jew-Boston, January 26: Hollis hall, at New York, January 26: The affairs of Vyse & Co., straw goods dealers, are being rapidly settled by the assignee. The abilities will amount to over one mil-Philadelphia, January 26: The coal exchange has decided, in consequence of the glut in the market, to op all moving from the seventh of February to the eleventh of March in-

San Francisco, January 26: The stationhouse. nearing to-day in the United States cir- | when the news of his vandalism became At one time it looked as

GRANT OUT.

The President Assures Conkling of His Own Withdrawal-Conkling Thereupon Takes the Field as an Avowed Presidential

lew York Tribuno.

Washington, January 21 .- It is earned to-day that President Grant has formally signified to Senator Conkling and others that he has decided not to be a candidate for the Presidency, and has pledged himself not to accept a renomination. Similar reports have two or three times recently been in circulation, but there are some especial reasons for at-taching more credit to this one. It appears that Senator Conkling is acting upon the notification; that he has formally avowed his own purpose to be a candidate, and has already formally begun the organization of his campaign The confirmation of this may soon be looked for in such Republican papers as assume to speak with party authority. There is no reason to suppose that the President in retiring from the list has indicated a preference for any of the remaining competitors; but it requires no effort of the imagination to suppose that he is grateful for Senator Conkling's forbearance. The chances are, therefore, that the senator will enter the field with as much assistance as anybody is likely to get from the Federal office-holders Democrats believe that the effect of the Conkling movement will be to force Governor Tilden more prominently to the front; but the Republicans here do not attach equal importance to that ides, and outside of New York do not

seem to consider the plans of Mr. Conkling of much consequence. Chicage, January 26: A. C. Hesing, editor of the Staats Zeitung, and Jacob Rehm, an ex-police superintendent of Chicago, were indicted by the grand jury in the United States district cour to-day for conspiracy in connection with the whisky frauds. Ex-Deputy-Collector J. F. Hoyt, was indicted on the

MARRIED.

same charge.

Crittenden county, Ark.

TOPPING-LEGUERE-On Tuesday even ing, January 25th, by Rev. Father Edelin, Mr S. H. TOPPING and Mrs. JULIA F. LEGUERE both of this city. No cards, KNOTT-RASPBERRY-On January 25 1876, at the residence of the bride's mother. Mrs. M. E. Raspberry, by Rev. Mr. Mead, Dr. S. J. KNOTT, eldest son of Rev. Dr. Knott, of this city, and Miss MOLLIE BASPRERRY, of

FUCHS-On Tuesday, January 25th, at 5½ velock p.m., Mrs. Anna Marie Therese vens, mother of Alexander and Victor D. Funeral from the residence of Mrs. Amelia Achla, 241 Washington street, this (THURS-DAY) morning, at 1% o'clock. Requiem high mass at St. Mary's Catholic Church at 10

HOT SPRINGS HOTEL I. W. CARHART, Proprietor.

WITH the new year, this hotel has changed hands, and is being refitted with great care and expense, and lurnished throughout with new carpets. Its location is superior to any other in the Valley, and it is only half as far from the depot as are the other houses. Every room and department is supplied with gas and there is an elegant bath-house under the same roof, with natural vapor baths.

No gambling permitted in any part of the hotel.

notel.

My charges are from \$12.50 to \$17.50 per week.

This was the first-class house under the present management, during 1874, and the propreter is determined it shall be the leading his tel in future. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. I. W. CARHART, Proprietor. Hot Springs, Ark., January 10, 1876. Jazz A WOODSUFF President.

A. D. GWYNNE, Vice-President.

J. A. HAYES, Jr., Cashier.

OF MEMPHIS, TENS. CAPITAL : : : \$300,000

DIRECTORS: AMOS WOODRUFF.
A. D. GWYNNE Of Stewart, Gwynne & Co.
A. J. WHITE Of White, Langstaff & Co.
H. T. LEMMON Of Joyner, Lemmon & Gale.
J. B. MILES Of J. B. Miles & Co.
J. P. HOFFMAN Of Mitchell, Hoffman & Co.
J. M. GOODBAR OF Goodbar & Gillilland.
N. MALATESTA Of L. Podesta & Co.
W. M. SNEED, JR. Of Myera & Sneed.
J. J. BUSBY Of J. J. Busby & Co.
T. J. LATHAM OF Etheridge, Latham & Edwards. WALL PAPER.

Hook & LaGrill

WINDOW SHADES

ONE of the largest and best selected stocks of plain and decorative Wall Pape and Window Shades in the southwest is offered at

326 Second St., Memphis.

NOTICES.

Official Notice to Tax-Payers-State and

The Tax-Books for the year 1875 are now ready (January 19, 1876), and I will imme liately proceed to collect according to law. ALL TAX-PAYERS who have personal property must come forward, or they will find their tax-bills in the hands of constables at the expiration of ninety days. The attention of BANKS, INSURANCE COMPANIES and CORPORATIONS, is earn-

The POLL and DOG TAX-LIST is ALSO DUE, and should be paid forthwith, in order Respectfully, A. E. FRANKLAND, State and County Tax Collector, 1220 Shelby County, Tennessee, 1878.

Election of Directors.

THE annual election for Seven Directors it serve the ensuing year, will be beld at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, the st day of February, 1878, between the hours of a.m. and 2 p.m. THOS. H. ALLEN, Prest. S. R. CLARKE, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given for competite plans of a Courthouse to be erected in SOMERVILLE, FAYEFTE COUNTY, TENN.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1876, and no plan will be patd for unless the same

Commissioners January 17, 1876.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. THE undersigned having formed a copart-nership, dating from January ist, under the style of "Moore, Bassett & Co.," will transact a general business in House Building materials, comprising Lumber, Laths, Shin-gles, Doors, Sash and Blinds. Parties desiring to purchase any goods in our line will find it to their interest to give us a call. MOORE, BASSETT & CO.,

A 8 Special Commissioner appointed by the Chancery Court of Memphis, I will offer for sale, for sixty days, the property on north line of Union street, between Main and Second streets, at the alley, fronting 50 feet by a depth of 74% teet. Terms—One-fourth cash; balance 6, 12 and 18 months, notes bearing 6 per cent, interest from date.

January 14, 1878.

A. S. BROWN,

Copartnership Notice.

LOUIS A. SEYFORTH, late of the Feab

DISSOLUTIONS.

dissolved on the manual retiring.
imitation, C. Dickmann retiring.
A. VACUARO.
B. VACUARO.

All partnership matters will be adjusted by A. Vaccaro, B. Vaccaro and A. B. Vaccaro, wh

THE copartnership heretofore existing between H. B. Packer, of Mempals, and Riddle Coleman & Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., in the Coal business, in this city, under the firm name of H. B. Packer & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Packer retiring, having disposed of his interest to said Riddle Coleman & Co., who will continue the business, under the management of H. B. Packer, as their agent.

Our stock of COAL is Good, and Quality No. 1.

DISSOLUTION. THE parinership heretofore existing tween T. B. Haynes, H. C. Hampson a D. L. Ferguson, under the firm name a style of T. B. Haynes & Co., is this day of solved by mutual consent, T. E. Haynes tiring, D. L. Ferguson and H. C. Hampsare alone authorized to sign in liquidatic collect and settle all outstanding business.

ollect and settle all outstanding business.
T. P. HAYNES.
H. C. HAMPSON.
Memphis, Jan. 7, 1876. D. L. FERGUSON.

FERGUSON & HAMPSON, Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants 278 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

Cotton Cleaner. CHEEK'S SEED COTTON CLEANER. W. SPEERS, Jr., Manufacturer and Sole

I HAVE recently put in a CHEER COTTON CLEANER, that cleans cotton more thoroughly than any other machine now in use; and as the cotton manufacturers of Tennessee, who are using the CHEER CLEANER, are well pleased with its work, I am confident that planters who have their cotton put up at my din will obtain satisfactory prices for it.

on are invited to call and see the machine in N. W. SPEERS, Jr.,

Corner of Vance and Causey streets. THERE are some Cotton Merchants who in their young days must have ridden the mule tofmill with corn in one end of the sack and

THE COTTON CLEANER

MEMPHIS COTTON GINS, Injures the Cotton. Now, I will pay

For every ounce of Cotton they can produce that the Cleaner has injured. On the other hand, I can pr since customers who have quit

**\$100** 

the above class of merchants for those who advise them to try the Cleaner. BOYD, Sup't,

Corner Linden and Clinton sts.

35 REWARD.

WALL PAPER

HOOK & LaGRILL

County Taxes, 1875.

stly called to this notice.

OFFICE PHOINIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 10 Madison Street,
Memphis, January 12, 1878.)
THE annual election for Seven Directors to

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS.

to be presented to the Commissioners in Som-

Commissioners.
THOMAS R. COCKE,
J. L. PULLIAM,
W. BOYD,
EVAN GEORGE,
L. S. HAILEY,
H. C. MOORMAN,
W. B. DORTCH,
C. COMMISSIONE

NOTIOE.

A. S. BROWN, Special Commissioner

THE undersigned having formed 'a copart-nership, dating from January 24th, under the style of BORG & SEYFORTH, will do general BARBER BUSINESS, at the old stand

PARTNERSHIP-DISSOLUTION. THE partnership of A. Vaccaro & Co. was dissolved on the first day of January, 1876,

NOTICE--DISSOLUTION.

Packer, as their agent.
RIDDLE COLEMAN & CO.
H. B. PACKER.

Also, No. 1 ASHWOOD Send in your orders.

NEW FIRM. D. L. FERGUSON. H. C. HAMPSON

COTTON CLEANERS.

Proprietor for Arkansas, Mississtppi and Tennessee.

tocks or sand in the other. Those merchants

JOST OUR BILL-LADING BOOK. NO value to any person, Will pay the above reward to the finder.

BAUM & HOURSTADTER.

BAUM & HOURSTADTER.

the strong principles of right, justice, good for all and evil for none? We must drive out these hell-hounds, and go in

road grants, in cases where such entries | two upright and one cross bar in the

ture.

Press and Herald, 25th.]

which Wisconsin or its assigns may have to land granted that State to aid done with a saw made from the steel senate went into executive session, and light. The cuts were clear, as if done with a keenly-tempered tool, and the edges were bright except where coated with grease. The grating was discol-ored from top to bottom and rusted, evidently to distract attention from the point they were going through. Ayers's brother-in-law visited him a few days ago, and it is highly probable that he was privy to his escape. Ayers and Avery, as soon as they got out, went across the jail-yard into a lot, and climbing a pig-sty, were within two or three feet of the top of the high fence sur-rounding the jail, from which they

easily dropped into the street. Sheriff

Swan and several deputies immediately saddled their horses and went in pursuit,

but up to this writing nothing had been

learned of their whereabouts, although

he was in hopes of effecting their cap-

After getting clear of the prison walls

proceeding to the residence of his broth-

er-in-law, Alverson, who lives about

eight miles from town, where he got

break ast before daylight Saturday morn-

ing, and soon after took his departure.

Alverson was arrested, but gave bonds

during the day and embraced the first

opportunity to leave, and has not been

seen since by an officer. Saturday night Sheriff Swan and his deputies were

scouring the country, and while that offi-

cial and Deputy Fox were riding along

the road near Trotter's bridge they came

suddenly upon "a solitary horseman,"

ss the veracious G. P. R. James would

have put it up, whom they ordered to halt, and caught the

bridle-rein, thinking, as he made

no response to their summons, that he

was the man they were in search of, but

giving his horse the spar, the nocturnal rider was off like the wind with the

officers in hot pursuit, who fired several

shots at the fugitive without effect. Yet

on through the mud and darkness the

race was continued for some distance,

being occasionally enlivened by a ran-

dom shot from his pursuers, till the fugi-

tive left the main road and escaped

through an open field into the adjoining

woods, where he abandoned the horse

which was afterward secured by the

sheriff and the fact ascertained that it

had been furnished Ayers by a friend.

The accomplished scoundrel, Avery, crossed the Knoxville and Charleston

railroad bridge immediately after leav-

ing the jail, and made his way to the

residence of Henry Kidd, on Little

river, which he reached about daylight

and obtained breakfast. He was fully

posted as to the geography of the coun

try by a fellow-prisoner. Avery told Ridd his name and stated that he

had been acquitted by the Fed-

eral court for illicit distilling and

was on his way to Georgia. He was

barefooted and Mr. Kidd farnished him

with a pair of shoes, which he thankful-

ly received and went on. The following

dispatch was received at ten o'clock

Information has just been received

here that Henry Avery was captured at

five o'clock this evening, eight miles

south of this place, by two Knox county

WINSLOW.

More about the Forgeries of the Great

Boston Forger-Reminders

of Him.

Boston, January 26 -It is positively

quantities of fictitious stock of the Bos-

ton Post company as collateral. A meeting of the stockholders will be

SWEETWATER, TENN., January 24.

JO. J. IVINS.

last night:

that Everist, an important witness against the St Louis whisky ring, was allowed to leave the city after be had been in communication with prominent officials. It is said that Everist was in-Italy, where he had gone when the first raid was made upon the St. Lovis distillers, by a promise of Bristow and Pierre-pont that he should not be prosecuted if he turned State's evidence. His evidence is said to have been very positive against Babcock. When the President heard

not be kept. So Everist was notified by the officials who had caused him to come here that they could not protect him, and he sailed for Italy last Tuesday. The chairman of the judiciary committee of the house will move a resolution of inquiry into the matter. The story creates a profound sensation. JERE'S OATH. God Being My Helper, I Shall Meet Them at Phillippi" and Drive Out

lowing is the letter:

held on Friday to investigate the affair. the sufferers being those who advanced money on the stock. Some of Winslow's operations are traced to L. W. Pond, of Worcester, and paper with the light. E. F. Porter's name is said to sixty thousand dollars worth.

> on Winslow's transactions. certificates are fraudulent or genu- parents reside.

morning on E. F. Porter, the ostensible | inclined to confess, but was restrained owner of the News. The writ is based from doing so by Dawson; Hines was on Winslow's transactions. The alleged over-issues of stock of the Boston Post company has reriously complicated matters, and holders of it is collateral cannot tell whether their sent to Lynchburg, Virginia, where his Accounts of Merchants and others solicited. The alleged over-issues of stock of the and gave way to grief. Estep's body

Collections promptly attended to.